

Fig. 1
(Prior art)

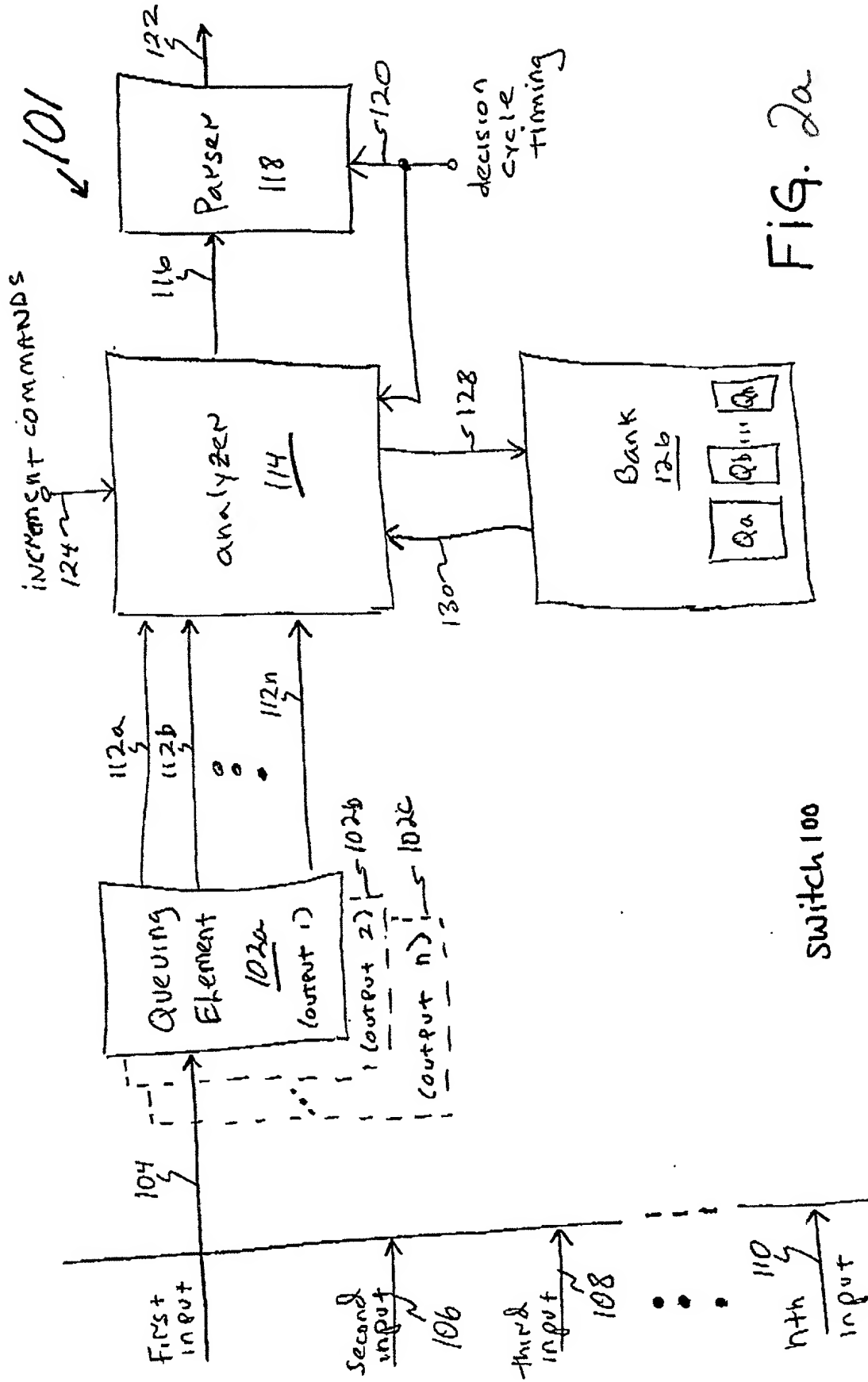


FIG. 2a

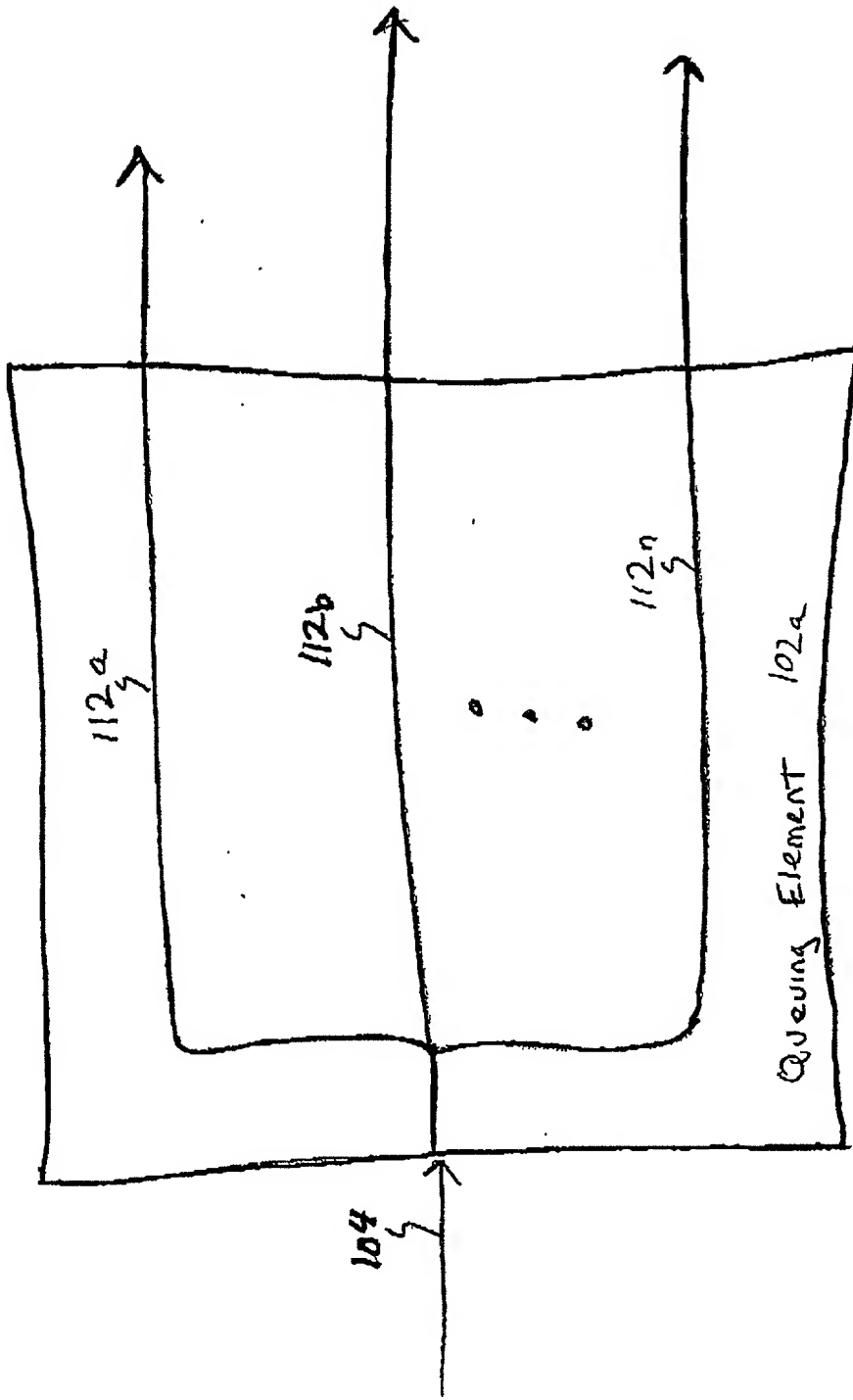


Fig. 2b

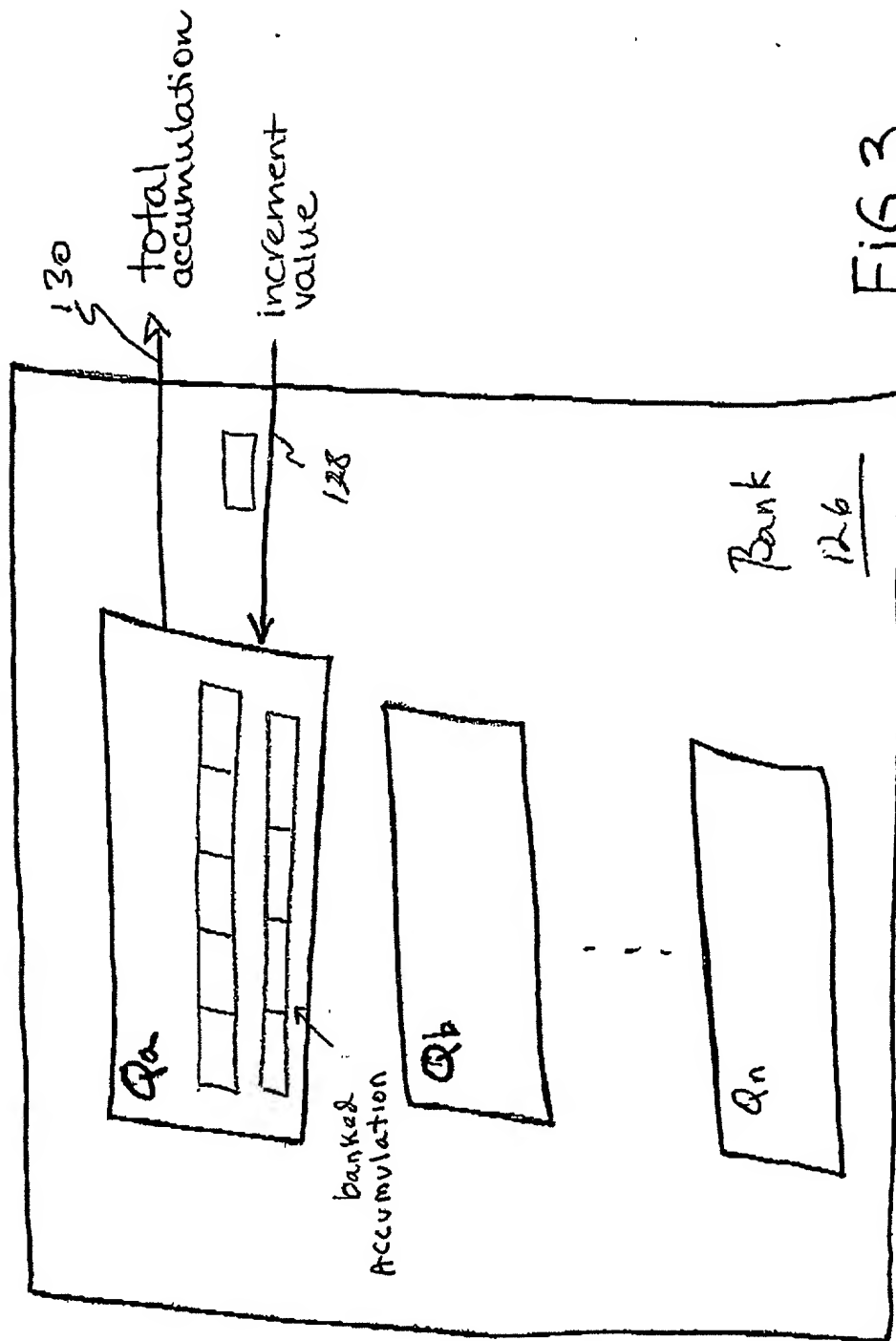


FIG. 3

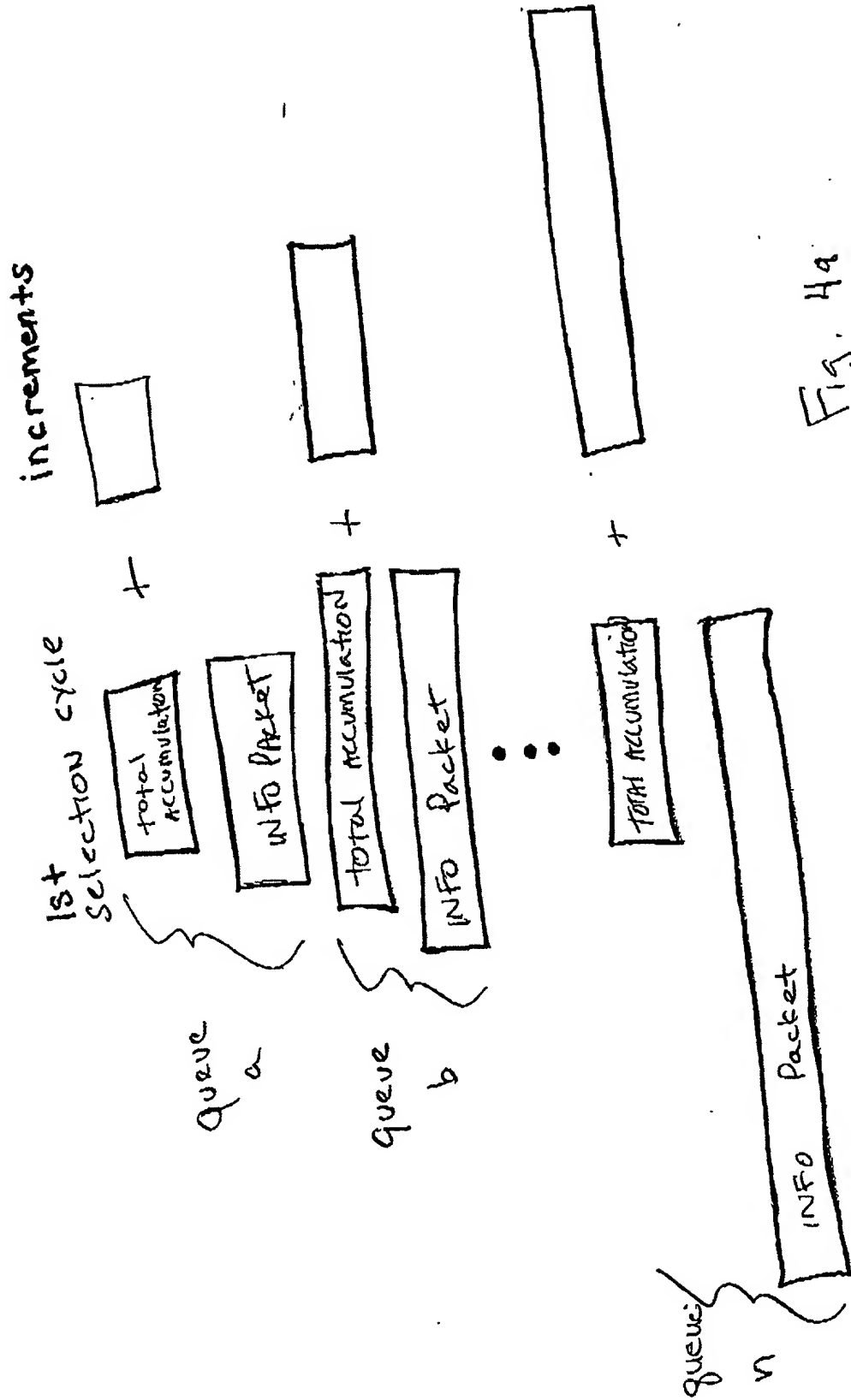


Fig. 4a

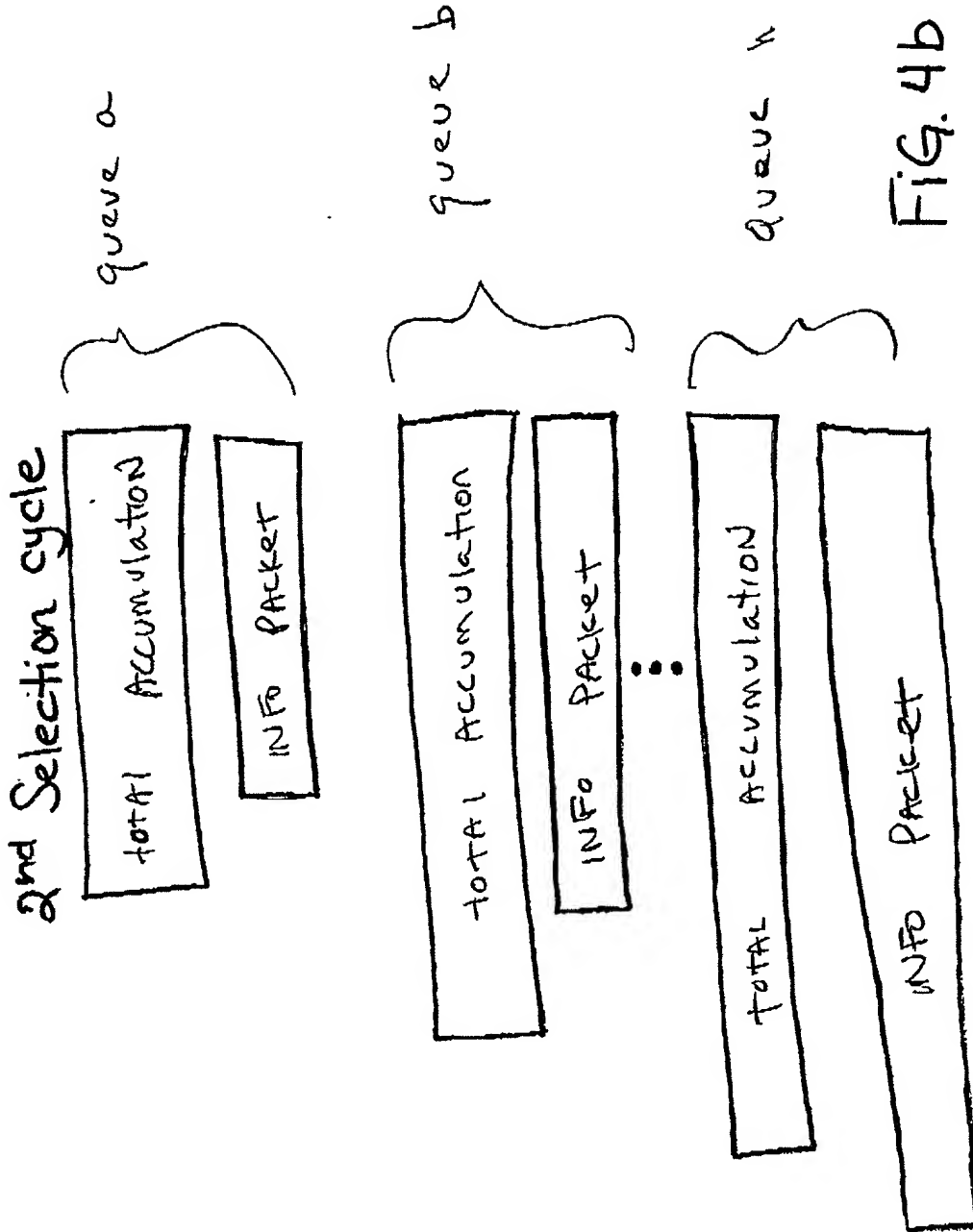


FIG. 4b

Figure 1 consists of 12 histograms arranged in a 3x4 grid, showing the distribution of the number of contacts per node for different network sizes N . The top row shows $N=10, 20, 30$; the middle row shows $N=40, 50, 60$; and the bottom row shows $N=70, 80, 90$. Each histogram has 'Number of contacts' on the x-axis (ranging from 0 to 10) and 'Frequency' on the y-axis (ranging from 0 to 10). The distributions are unimodal and shift slightly to the right as N increases.

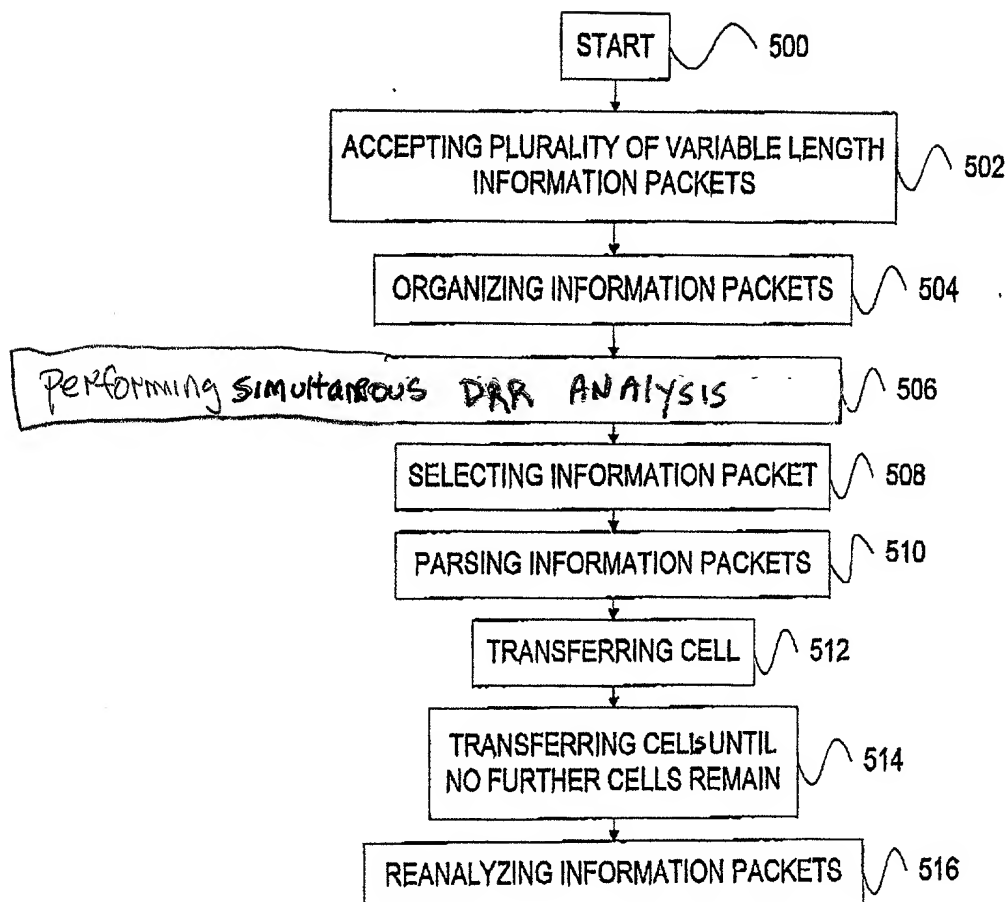
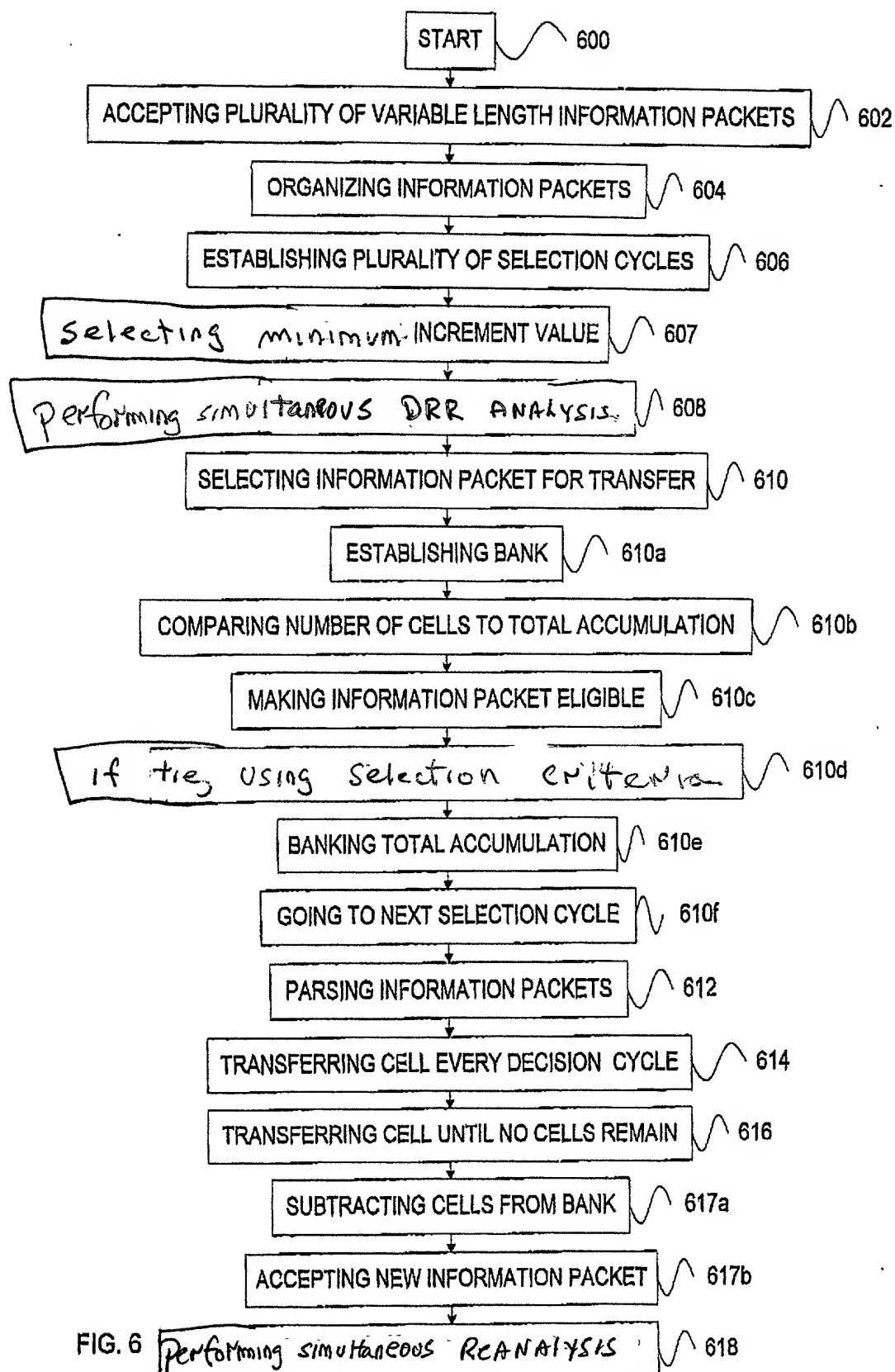


FIG. 5



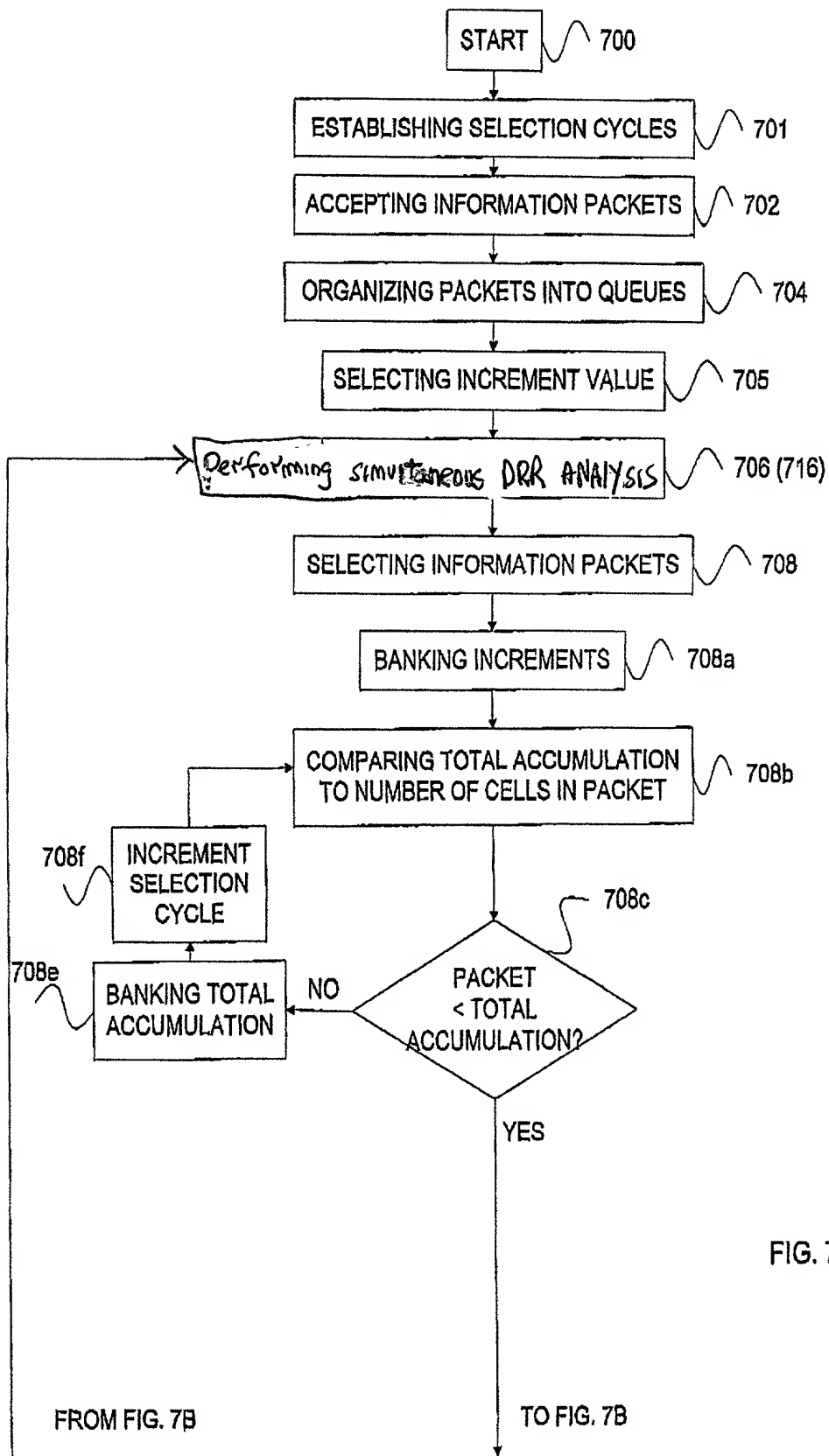


FIG. 7A

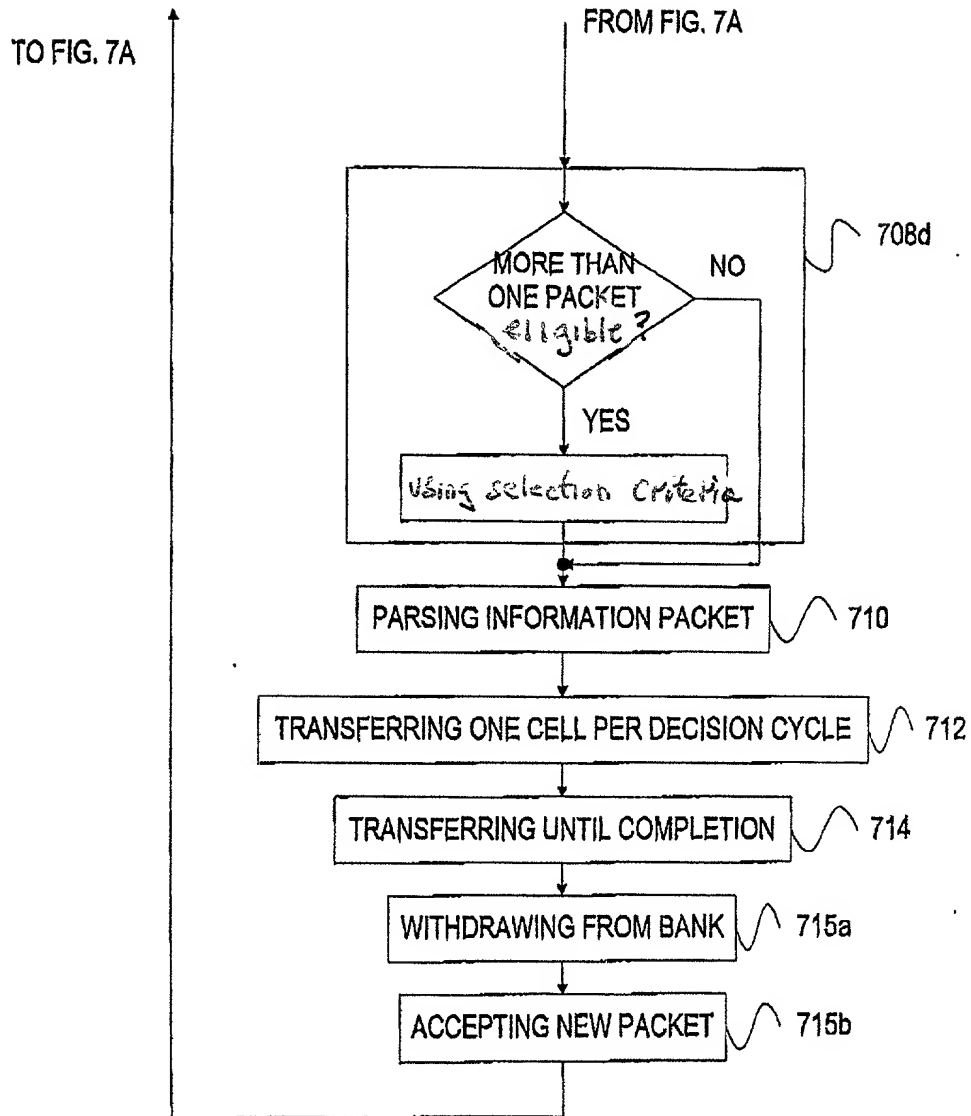


FIG. 7B